DSM 5

**Reactive Attachment Disorder – 313.89 (F94.1)**

1. A consistent pattern of inhibited, emotionally withdrawn behavior toward adult caregivers, manifested by both or the following:
2. The child rarely or minimally seeks comfort when distressed
3. The child rarely or minimally responds to comfort when distressed.
4. A persistent social and emotional disturbance characterized by at least two of the following
5. Minimal social and emotional responsiveness to others.
6. Limited positive affect.
7. Episodes of unexplained irritability, sadness, or fearfulness that are evident even during nonthreatening interactions with adult caregivers.
8. The child has experienced a pattern of extremes of insufficient care as evidenced by at least one of the following:
9. Social neglect or deprivation in the form of persistent lack of having basic emotional needs for comfort, stimulation, and affection met by caregiving adults.
10. Repeated changes of primary caregivers that limited opportunities to form stable attachments (e.g. frequent changes in foster care)
11. Rearing in unusual settings that severely limit opportunities to form selective attachments (e.g., institutions with high child-to-caregiver rations).
12. The care in Criterion C is presumed to be responsible for the disturbed behavior in Criterion A (e.g., the disturbances in Criterion A began following the lack of adequate care in Criterion C)
13. The criteria are not met for autism spectrum disorder.
14. The disturbance is evident before age 5 years.
15. The child has a developmental age of at least 9 months.

Specify if

Persistent: The disorder has been present for more than 12 months.

Specify current severity:

Reactive attachment disorder is specified as severe when the child exhibits all symptoms of the disorder with each symptom manifesting at relatively high levels.

**Disinhibited Social Engagement Disorder – 313.89 (F94.2)**

1. A pattern of behavior in which a child actively approaches and interacts with unfamiliar adults and exhibits at least two of the following:
2. Reduced or absent reticence in approaching and interacting with unfamiliar adults.
3. Overly familiar, verbal or physical behavior (that is not consistent with culturally sanctioned and with age-appropriate social boundaries).
4. Diminished or absent checking back with adult caregiver after venturing away, even in unfamiliar settings.
5. Willingness to go off with an unfamiliar adult with minimal or no hesitation.
6. The behaviors in Criterion A are not limited to impulsivity (as in attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder) but include socially disinhbited behavior.
7. The child has experienced a pattern of extremes of insufficient care as evidenced by at least one of the following:
8. Social neglect or deprivation in the form of persistent lack of having basic emotional needs for comfort, stimulation, and affection met by caregiving adults.
9. Repeated changes of primary caregivers that limit opportunities to form stable attachments (e.g. frequent changes in foster care).
10. Rearing in unusual settings that severely limit opportunities to form selective attachments (e. g., institutions with high child-to-caregiver rations).
11. The care in Criterion C is presumed to be responsible for the disturbed behavior in Criterion A (e. g. , the disturbances in Criterion A began following the pathogenic care in Criterion C).
12. The child has a developmental age of at least 9 months.

Specify if

Persistent: The disorder has been present for more than 12 months.

Specify current severity:

Disinhibited social engagement disorder is specified as sever when the child exhibits all symptoms of the disorder, with each symptom manifesting at relatively high levels.